B1

Besides the Mundians, there are two other species: ringflies ("fofi") and shellbeasts ("pilo"). If we count the Mundians, then there are three different species of animal on Mundus.

B2

Yes. Ringflies are invertebrates. Mundians and shellbeasts do have spinal columns (they are vertebrates).

B3

Ringflies are active during the day.

B4

Mundians are afraid of the animal that they call "pilo". A "pilo" (shellbeast) is brown, walks on four legs and has a shell.

B5

Mundians eat the leaves of the "waan" plant.

B6

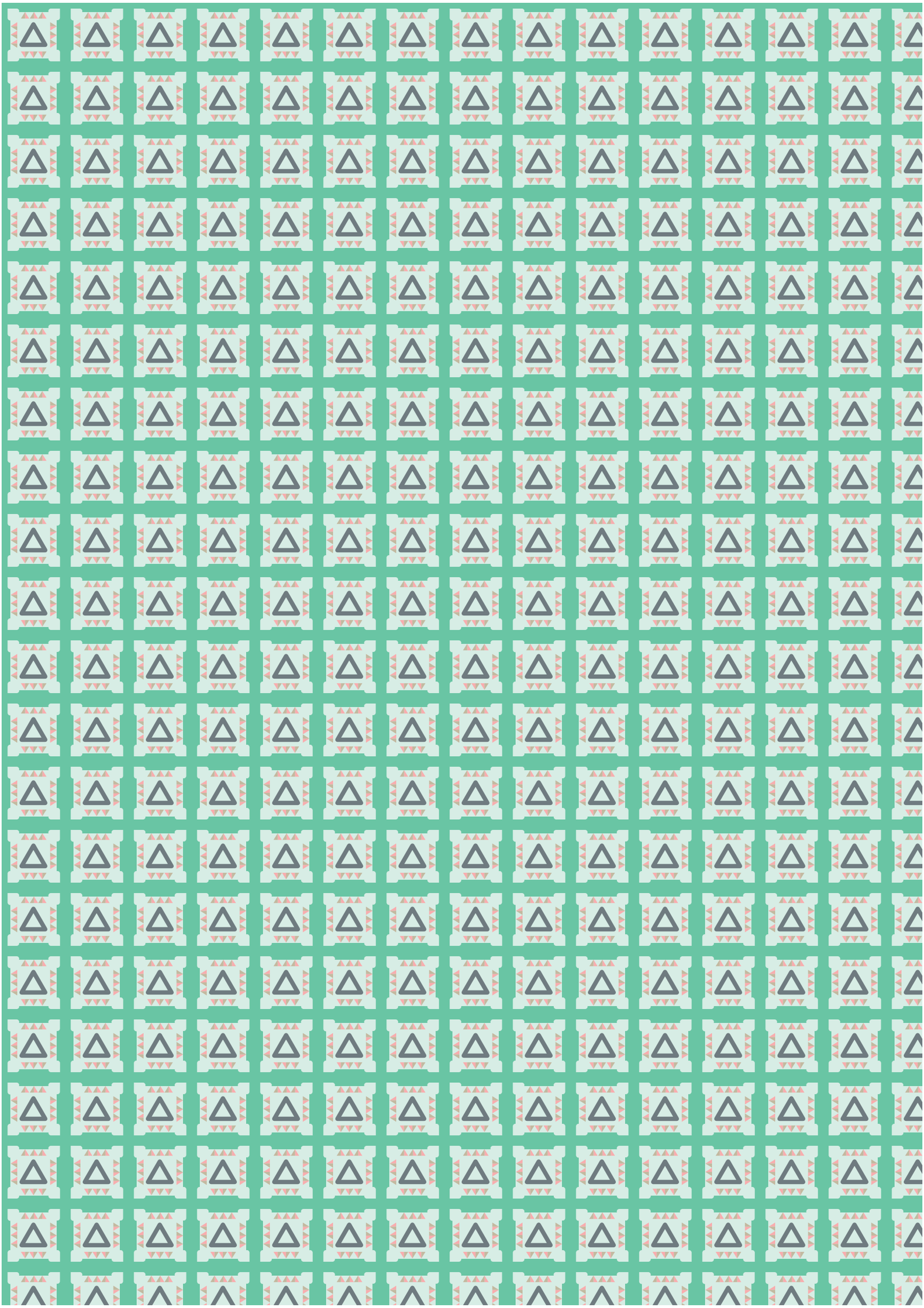
The shell of a shellbeast is probably hard, like bone. Like bone, the shell of a shellbeast does not decompose as quickly as its flesh.

B7

The shellbeast has its anus (its bottom) just under its tail.

B8

One "waan" blossom produces three seeds.



B9

The school is pictured in the season “klang tomi”.

B10

Mundians have six fingers, three on each hand.

B11

The fruit of the “deffe” plant (climb-up) is white.

B12

The seeds of the “waan” plant (spiceherb) are red.

B13

Yes, there were shellbeasts in the “slip dok dok” era.

B14

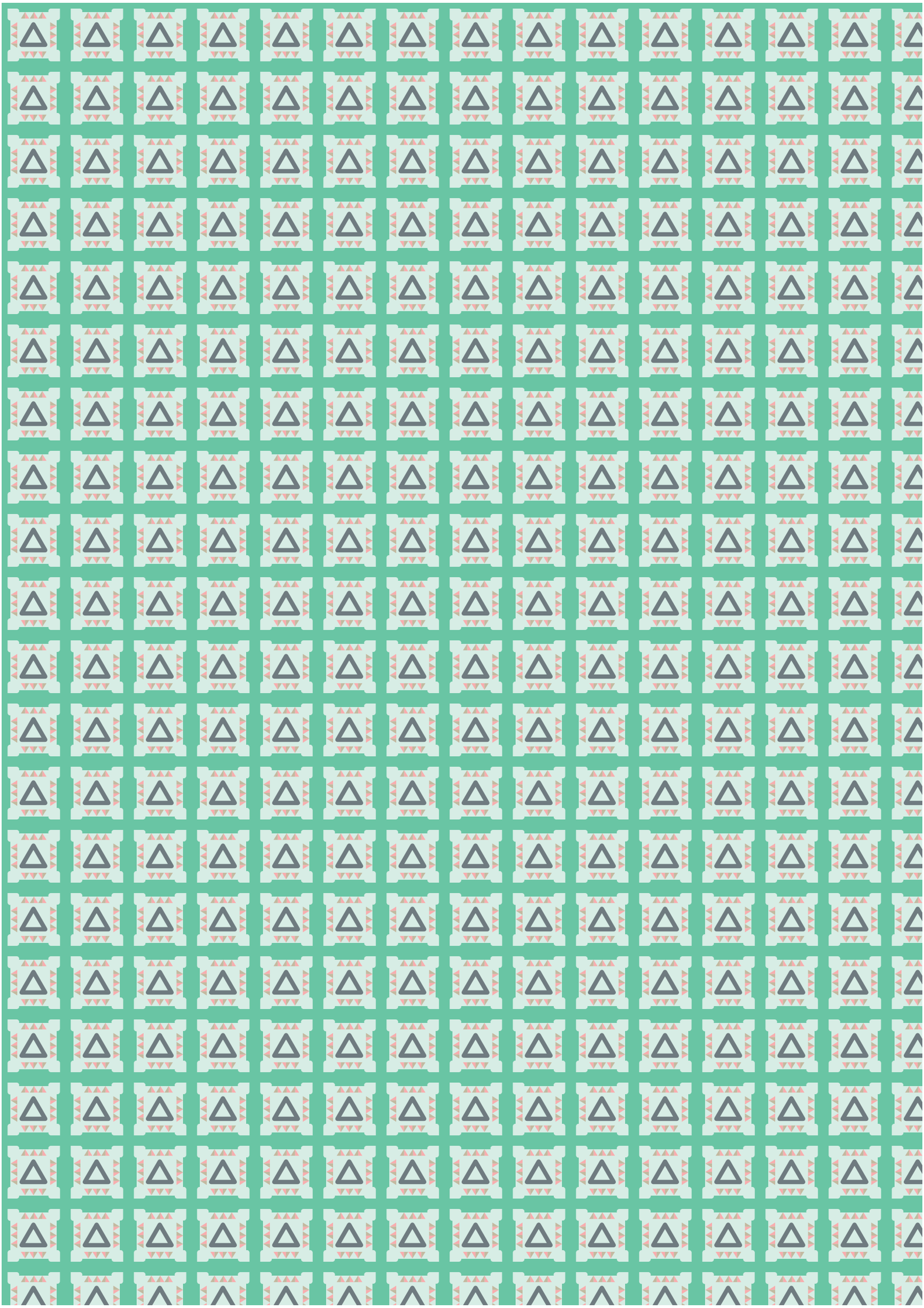
The ringfly (“fofi”) has a yellow ring or circle on its back.

B15

There are three seasons on Mundus: “klang raf raf”, “klang blof” and “klang tomi”.

B16

“Klang raf raf” is the hottest season with the highest temperatures.



B17

There are fewer than 365 days in a Mundian year. The weather charts show that Mundus has already been through six seasons after 365 days.

B18

Yes. Weather chart 1 shows that the temperature sometimes drops below 0°C / 32°F.

B19

Nuki-wom is at the highest altitude.

B20

Laka-wom and Nuki-wom.

B21

Yes. There is volcanic ash in some layers of soil in the hills.

B22

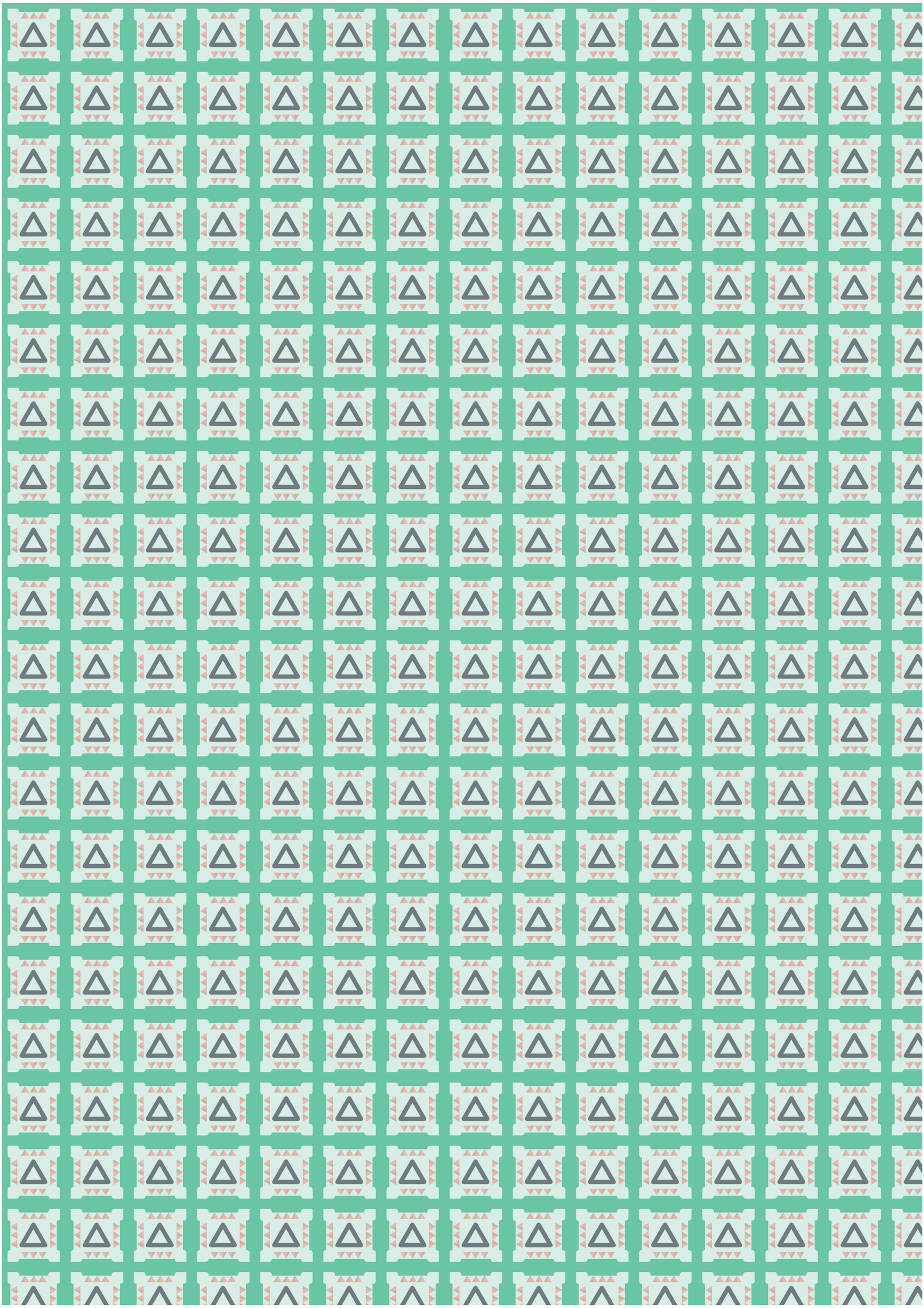
Yes, snow-capped mountains are shown in various sources.

B23

The distance from the western-most to the eastern-most point is about 200 “dos”.

B24

Some layers are darker than others because they contain volcanic ash.



B25

A triangle is worth more than a dot.

B26

This is a single number.

B27

There are two numbers.

B28

For single numbers, the triangles are always on top. Next are the lines, and the dots are all the way at the bottom.

B29

Mundians write the result of an addition problem below the problem.

B30

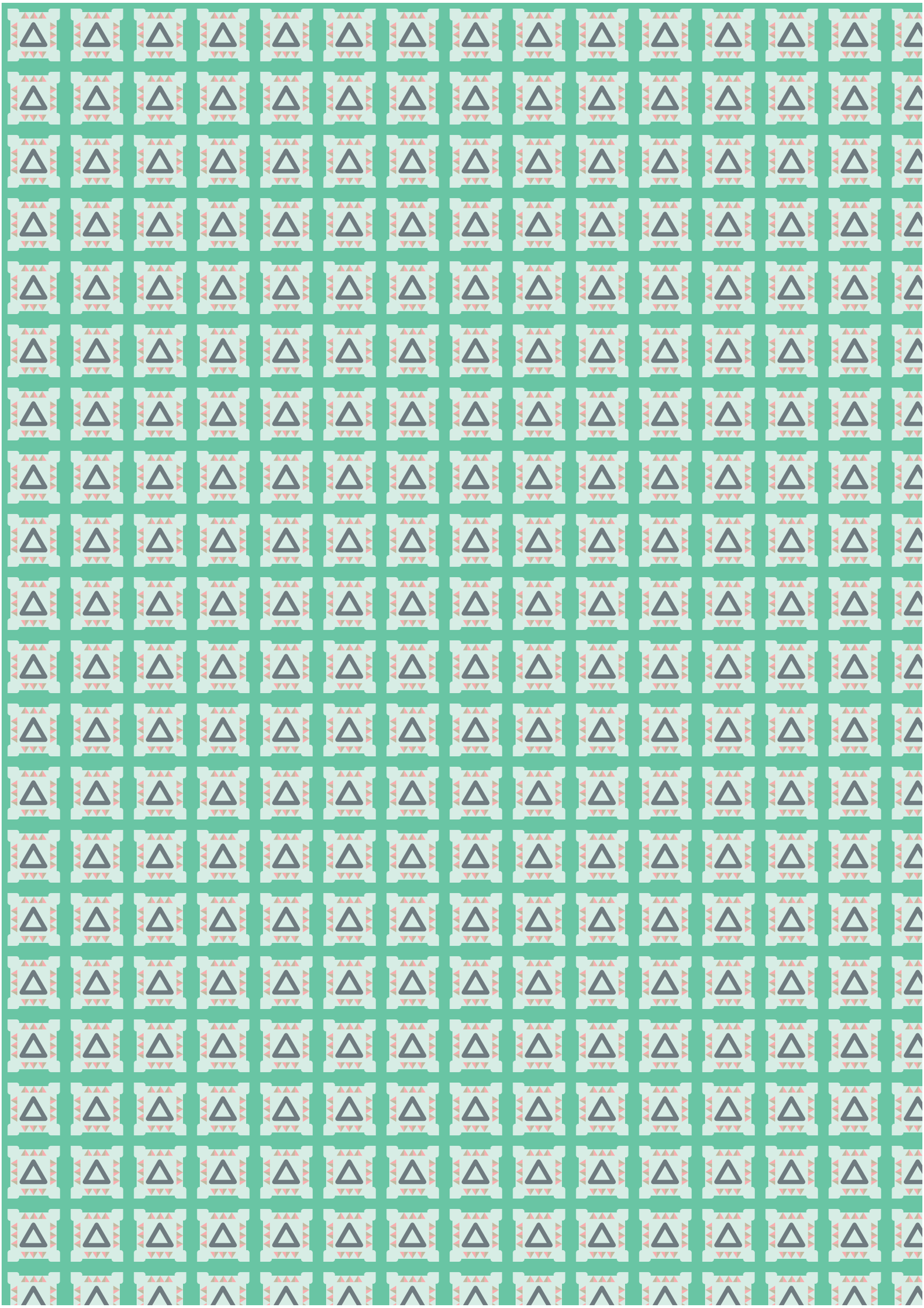
It takes Mundians three days to walk from Laka-wom to Nuki-wom.

B31

Yes, Mundians have a written language.

B32

This is the word “lo” (which means ‘you’).



B33

Mundians tend to use the word "pi" when they're unhappy.

B34

"Blof maya" means the ocean (literally, 'the great water').

B35

"Do steppe kapuki" = I'm going to the maze

B36

"Do affu lo" = I love you

B37

The Mundians now live in the "slip okke" era.

B38

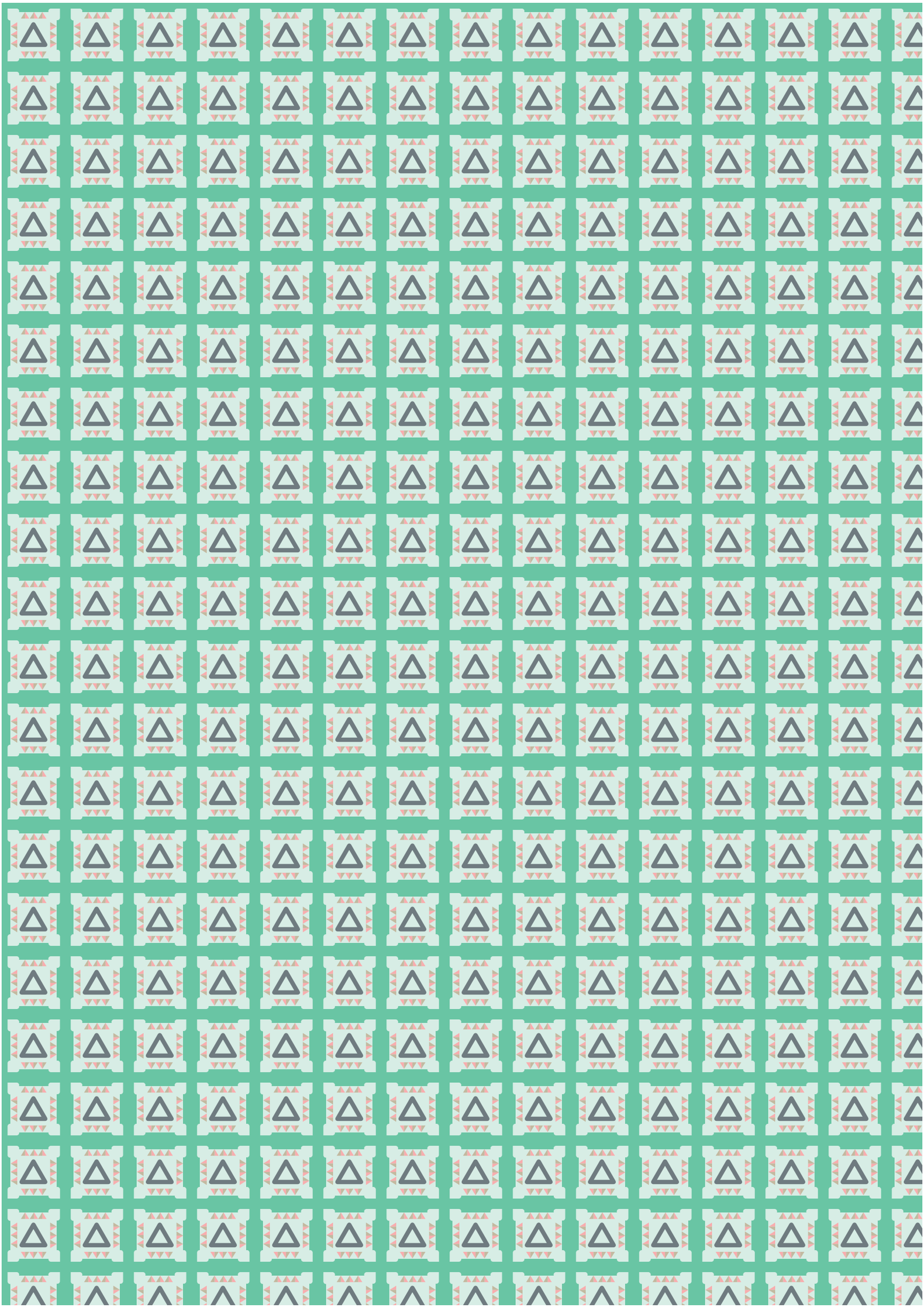
"Slip dok dok" was the longest era.

B39

The great maze was built in the "slip dok dok" era.

B40

It was very dark in the "slip kara" era



B41

The important old structure on Mundus is a maze.

B42

Mundians use rakes, trowels, paintbrushes, buckets, forks, serving spoons and pointers.

B43

Mundians like to paint triangles.

B44

Yes, Mundians can make fire. (That's why they have chimneys on their roofs, for example.)

B45

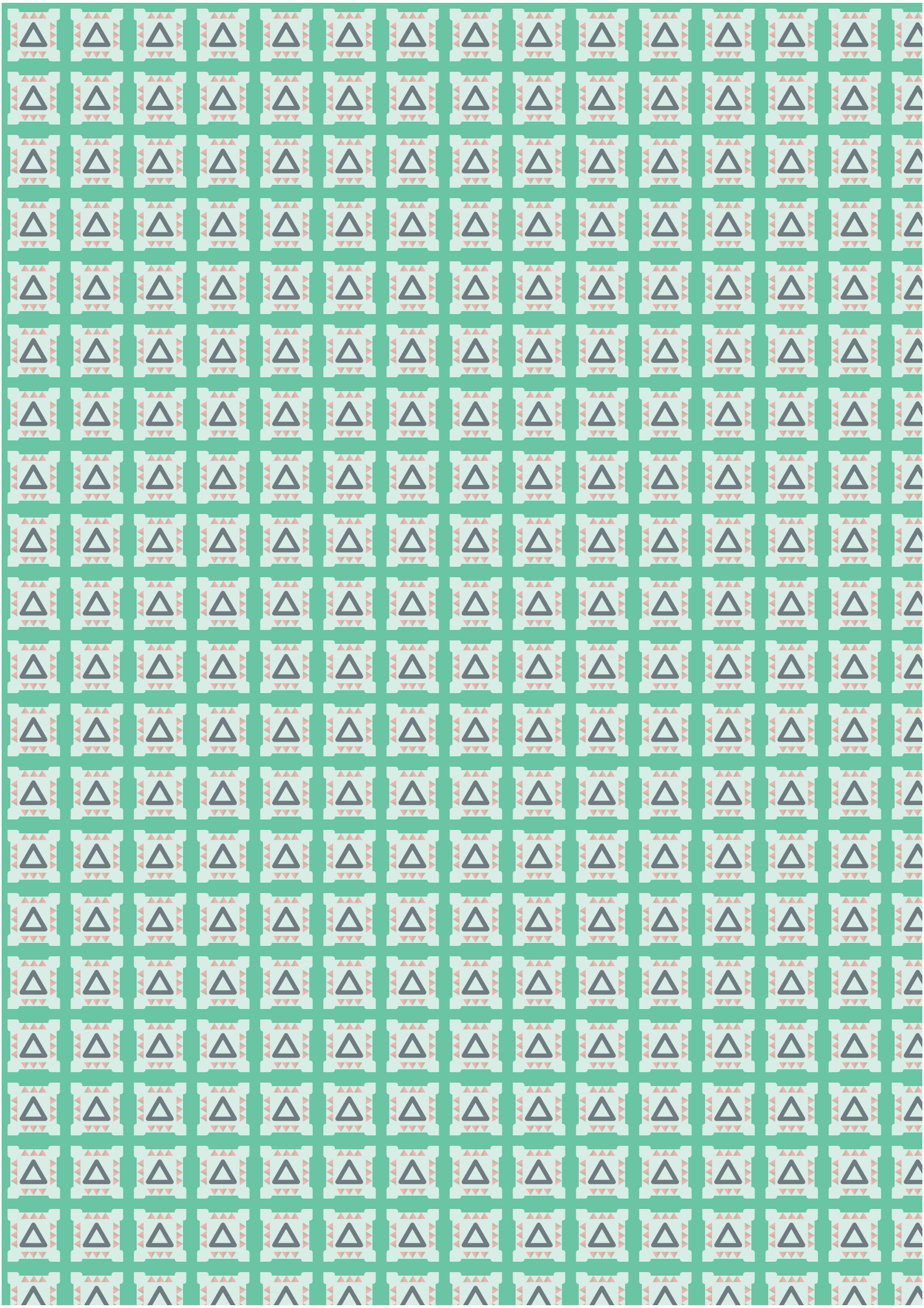
The excavations from layers 161-176 are the oldest. They are from the "slip dok dok" era.

B46

As far as we know, school subjects are arithmetic and biology (plants and animals).

B47

No, there is no evidence that the Mundians have electricity.

B48

Mundian history is divided into three eras: "slip dok dok", "slip kara" and "slip okke".